What's the Answer?

Power Cut-Off On Switch Machines

"From the standpoint of safety, what means do you provide on power switch machines to enable maintainers to cut off the power when they are working on the machines?"

Wood Block Between Stock Rail

BY C. E. PINKSTON Signal Supervisor Nashville Terminals Nashville, Tenn.

IN the Nashville Terminals, we have in service U.S.&S. Model 14, A-1 and A-5 electro-pneumatic and M-2 110-volt d.c. switch movements, and G.R.S. Model 5-A 110-volt d.c. and 5-D low-voltage d.c. switch movements. The electric movements have a motor cut-out switch that opens the motor-control circuit by insert-The electro-pneuing the crank. matic movements do not have a cut- ly restore the control circuit to norout, so it is necessary to remove the mal. The wood block is preferable lock-valve armature from the Style- to spike mauls, etc., as its removal CP switch valve, or remove the con- might be overlooked for a train trol wire from the lock magnet. This movement, resulting in derailment.

and Point Should Always Be Used is usually the practice when work to be done requires any length of time.

> However, a 4-in. by 4-in. block of oak wood, with an 8-in. piece of old broom handle inserted 2 in. in the center of the block, can be inserted between the stock rail and switch point when working on switches. This affords ample protection, and does not require the opening of any circuits. In my opinion, the block of wood should always be used when working on power switches where more than one man is doing the work, as some one might accidental-

Approach Train Indicators

"Do you use approach train indicators in yards or elsewhere to warn switch engines when main-line trains are on the approach? If so, what type of indicators do you employ, and how are they controlled? Do you recommend the use of such indicators, and what are their specific advantages in your opinion?"

Installed in The Past

BY G. K. THOMAS Signal Engineer System Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Topeka, Kan.

In the past, the Santa Fe has installed approach train indicators at some locations in automatic block signal territory, where considerable switching is done on main tracks in yard areas. These are designated as "Train Signs", and their purpose is to notify yard crews engaged in switching operations, when mainline trains are approaching. As additional communications facilities are provided, or signals are installed where they will serve the purpose, the need for train signs decreases, with the result that many have been approaching trains, and it must not removed, and no additional ones include any of the track circuits have been installed during recent with the result that many have been have been installed during recent which are occupied by the switch years. However, there may be conditions on various railroads where

train signs would be of value and, consequently, the following description is given for the benefit of those who find a need for them:

The "Train Sign" is intended to provide a visible indication to yard crews switching on the main line, when a train is about to arrive, so that they can get into the clear in ample time to avoid delaying the approaching train. In order to accomplish this, the sign has to be large enough to be seen for a considerable distance, and must be illuminated at night. It is controlled by a line circuit extending far enough to take in three or more blocks outside of the yard territory. The necessary length of the control circuit depends upon the speed of

To Be Answered In a Later Issue

(1) How do you test her-metically-sealed telegraph re-lays, such as the W. E. Type 275-C, to determine if they are in good operating condition?

(2) Do you use precast or poured concrete foundations for supporting talk-backs and their masts on yard loudspeaker jobs? In either case, is a passage pro-vided for running the wires or cables up out of the ground through the foundations and in-to the speaker masts, or are the cables or wires brought up on the outside of the foundations, and thence into the masts or up to the speakers in a separate conduit? Please explain your construction standards, the reasons therefore, and the advantages thereof.

(3) What is your road's prac-tice in determining the number of communications line gangs required? Can a general aver-age of a certain number of miles of line with an average of two crossarms and wires be arrived at?

(4) At interlockings or in (4) At interlockings of it large communications offices, where motor generator-storage battery standby power facilities are installed, have you ever ex-perienced motoring of the gen-erator by the battery during an a.c. failure? How is this prevented?

(5) What lubricant do you use on the slide plates under the points of power operated switches? Is graphite satisfactory, and have you had any experience with its use for this purpose? Would you recommend the use of graphite on slide plates?

(6) Where dragging - equip-ment detectors have been in-stalled on your railroad what means are used to inform an engineman that a detector has engineman that a detector has been tripped by his train, e.g., (a) special wayside indicators not tied in with track circuit control, (b) special aspects on existing signals, or (c) the regu-lar Stop aspect on existing sig-nals? nals?

(G) Between pole lines and instrument housings in C.T.C. or automatic block territory, do you use underground or overhead drons? What are the advantages of your particular standards of construction?

(Continued on page 476)

(Continued from page 474) engines or cars during switching operations.

The sign is constructed in the form of a long, shallow, rectangular sheetsteel box, with a spindle run through it lengthwise and pivoted in bearings at each end, so that the sign can rotate through an angle of 90 deg. It is mounted on a steel signal post, with an angle-iron supporting frame, or between two separate posts. The minimum size of signs which have been used is 14 in. wide and 4 ft. 2 in. long, painted black, with the raised word "TRAIN" in 11-in. letters on both sides painted white. The letters are 2 ¼ in. wide, made of No. 16 gage sheet steel, spot-welded to the front and rear faces of the sign.

A second-hand semaphore signal ing to them that a main-line train mechanism may be used to rotate is approaching, and warning them the sign through an angle of 90 to get into the clear if they are ocdeg. When the approach circuit is cupying the main track, and not to unoccupied, the mechanism is energized and holds the sign in a horiready in the clear.

If you have a question, answer or Kink you think would be of interest and help to others in the field, please write.

zontal position, so that the word "TRAIN" cannot be seen by switching crews. When the approach circuit is occupied, the mechanism is automatically released, and the sign is rotated to a vertical position by a heavy counterweight, which is provided for that purpose. At the same time, three electric reflector lamps become automatically lighted at each side of the sign for illumination at night. Thus, the word **TRAIN**" can be observed from either direction by switching crews, both by day and by night, indicating to them that a main-line train is approaching, and warning them to get into the clear if they are oc-

CATES

Crossing Protection Test Records

"What practice do you follow to make a record of the tests of highway crossing protection facilities, and to keep these records on file for ready reference in case of accidents at the crossings involved?"

BESSEMER AND LAKE ERIE RAILROAD COMPANY SIGNAL DEPARTMENT

MONTHLY FIELD INSPECTION OF GATE AND FLASHING LIGHT HIGHWAY CROSSING PROTECTION LOCATION______ DATE OF THIS DISPECTION

TRACK CIRCUITS Track Circuit Nume Voltage of Battery Amps at Track Ref Battery Renewed (Date) Condition of Track Condition of Insulated Joints, Switch Rods and Gage Plates Condition of Wiring and Bootlegs Condition of Bonding Were Connections on Track Wiring and Batteries cleaned, checked and tightened?_____ Were battery wells cleaned?______Are tiss under insulated joints properly tamped i POWER BATTERY AND RECTIFIER Case Tem . Te Storage Battery-Type_ Note: Specific Gravity on Educon St ooly in Octo od April Cell No. Voltage Sp. G Found at-Left at-High Rate Charge of Rectifie Low Rate Charge of Rectifier Load in Amps. when (a) Gates are down (b) Gates are clearing Date batteries and trays last cleaned and paintee _Voltage after 2 min. of op -Тур Date of Renewal ion Level switch and wining rry shunt appli How many minutes? Was b

 LAMPS AND REFLECTOR BUTTON SIGNS

 Signal A
 Signal B
 Signal C
 No Twrn Signals

 Bub Reserved
 Signal B
 Signal C
 Signal C
 Signal C
 Signal C
 Signal C
 Signal K
 Signal F
 Signal F
 Signal F
 Signal F
 Signal K
 Signal K

Prescribed Form

BY G. R. PFLASTERER Signal Engineer Bessemer & Lake Erie Greenville, Pa.

MONTHLY field inspections of gate and flashing-light highway crossing protection installations are made on the Bessemer & Lake Erie, and recorded on our Form 823MW, both sides of which are shown herewith. We find these particularly helpful in accident cases.

Division, System Records

By W. W. WELSH Signal Engineer Baltimore & Ohio Baltimore, Md.

RELAYS, batteries and other apparatus are tested regularly the same as other signal equipment, and records are filed in division and system offices. Gates are given torque and operating tests each two years.

In addition, maintainers make weekly operating tests to insure that the equipment and circuits are functioning as intended. A running record is kept on a card filed in the instrument cases. These cards are sent to division offices for file at the (Continued on page 478)

	ation of Signal and init			dropping or snubbing tim
GatesSecs. Total				
ing time Secs. To	rque measured on gate	arm at 5'-0" from center name in April and October anty)	ine of gate shaft {G	ate in horizontal pos ate in raised position
Condition of Motor, Com	nutator and Brushes_	Condition of F	Texible Coupling	
Clutch Co	adition of Slot		and pole faces of sid	st magnet clean and fre
grease?				ry J ma. (Dec., Mar., Juna, Sup.
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when down? Are G				ton of Control Levers
Remarks	• • • •			
RELAYS				
Relays removed			Pc. No	. Serial No
Relays placed	. Model and Style		Pc No	Serial No
Reason for changing rela				
Does Power Off relay fun				
when inspection was finis	hed? Do	Track and XR relays dr	op freely when test s	witch is opened?
Remarks:				
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INSTRUMENT CASES				
Were leads inspected?				
Were terminals cleaned a	ad polished?	Batteries, Relays,	etc. cleaned ?	
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Front (left) and rear (right) of Form 823 MW used on the B.&L.E. for crossing protection test records

RAILWAY SIGNALING and COMMUNICATIONS

July, 1951