

75

October 10, 1911.

The Interstate Commerce Commission,

Washington, D. C.

Dear Sirs:-

At about 5 A.M. on September 11, 1911, north-bound freight extra 600 collided head-on with south-bound freight extra 560, on the Northern Wisconsin Division of the Chicago & North Western Railway, at a point about two miles north of Oscoda, Wis. No telegraphic report was received from the railway officials as there were no fatalities. This accident was investigated by Inspector C. F. Kerrill, who was at the immediate vicinity of the accident, and a synopsis of his report is herewith submitted.

Extra 600 was drawing a dead engine and freight outfit, while extra 560 was coupled to engine 603, double-header, and had no train, a caboose being the only car attached to the engines.

This accident resulted in injuries to twelve employees, as follows: three engineers, three firemen, two brakemen, one car foreman, two car repairers, and one helper.

The conductor and engineer of extra 600 received no injuries. Wis., at 1:25 A.M., train order No. 113, reading as follows:

Eng. 603 run extra Clyman to Fond du Lac. Extra 568 south and extra 1212 eth have right over extra 600 north Fond du Lac to Clyman and will wait at Fond du Lac until four twenty 4:20 A.M., Oakfield four forty 4:40 A.M., Oak Center four forty-five 4:45 A.M., Chester four fifty-five 4:55 A.M., Burnett Jet five ten 5:10 A.M. for extra 600 eth.

On arrival at Oakfield about 4 A.M., not having sufficient time on this train to make Fond du Lac, extra 600 went in on the sidings there, at which time it appears that the engineer and crew went to sleep. After extra 1212 passed, at about 4:50 A.M., the engineer states that he was awakened by the head brakeman, who asked him if he was ready to go. He claims he asked the brakeman if both extra had passed, and the brakeman replied that they had. He did not talk with the conductor before pulling out. The engineer further states that the only knowledge he had that the head brakeman knew of order No. 332 was that the fireman read the order from the light of the w.c.p. house lamp at Clyman, with the brakeman looking over his shoulder.

From the testimony of the fireman, it appears that he also was asleep, and he states that the engineer woke him up just before starting. He says that he thought he heard both extra pass.

The head brakeman states that after extra 1212 passed he went to the switch, lined it up for the main track, and gave the engineer the signal to come ahead. He claims that he had not seen the engineer himself, but had heard the

employees read them to the conductor at Clyman. He supposed that they were to meet but one extra at Oakfield.

The conductor was lying down in the caboose and adds that he was asleep when extra 1212 passed. Then, as his train was pulling out of the siding, he asked the rear brakeman if both of the extras had passed and then read the order to him. Mr. Clark is the rear brakeman replied they had. He further states that he had told the rear brakeman previously that there were two extras named in order No. 123.

The rear brakeman claims that the conductor asked him if both extras had passed when the train started to leave Oakfield and that he said no, unless they were coupled. He further states that the conductor then read the orders to him and that this was the first he knew of meeting the two extras at Colbyfield. It was stated that the conductor started to go up stairs, but found that he could not get over the doorlock, and that the conductor then took it for granted that his calculations were all he was doing when he left the siding.

The evidence of all the employees on extra 600 is very conflicting, except that it agrees that they went to sleep after taking the siding, at Oakfield. The entire crew on this train had been on duty but eleven and one-half hours prior to the accident, and all had had about eighteen hours' rest before starting out on this trip.

This is a single track railroad, and at the point of the accident is straight. The weather was very foggy and

misty; in fact, so thick that a lantern could hardly be seen more than five or six car lengths. The estimated speed of the trains at the time of the accident was about 25 miles per hour.

This collision was caused by the train crew of extra 600 overlooking that part of their order wherein extra 568 had rights over extra 600. There is no excuse whatever for this neglect, the engineer and conductor being especially at fault in deliberately going to sleep while in the siding at Danville, and in not knowing before occupying the main track whether extra 568 had passed them.

Respectfully submitted,

Chief Inspector of
Safety Appliances.